How Else Can I Help Myself Meet My Needs, Wants, and Preferences?

Being human	Types of	Results of	Types of	Results of	Patterns	Results of patterns of behavior
	thoughts	thoughts	behaviors	behaviors	(sets and	
					sequences of	
					behaviors that	
					cause results)	
Feelings*	Facts	Reality-	Conscious	Benefits	Positive response	Strong, short-term benefits or
Thoughts		based	(Autonomy)	(Needs,	pattern to self,	Delayed short-term benefits and
Physical		behaviors		wants,	others, situations:	Long-term positive or neutral
sensations				preferences	Feel \rightarrow Pause \rightarrow	consequences
Experiences				are met)	Think \rightarrow Act	
Learnings	Beliefs	Belief-	Unconscious	Costs	Negative	Strong, short-term benefits and
Memories	(about	based	(Automaticity)		response pattern	Long-term negative consequences
Needs	self,	behaviors			to self, others,	
Wants	others, &				situations:	
Preferences	how the				Believe \rightarrow Feel	
Wishes	world				\rightarrow Act \rightarrow What	
	works)				was I thinking?!	

- *The problem* is in the bottom right-hand corner.
- *The reality* is that I need to do and say things to get my very human needs, wants, and preferences met and to receive the benefits of having them met.
- *The solution* is in the top line. If I can become aware of "top-line" skills and implement them, I can find ways to help myself get my wants, needs, and preferences met other than with automatic, negative response patterns that result in negative, long-term consequences for me. Using skills frees me to pursue my wishes and aspirations.

The content of this handout is a synthesis by Anne Giles, M.A., M.S., L.P.C. of work by Judith Beck, Ph.D., Marsha Linehan, Ph.D., Patricia Resick, Ph.D., Eric L. Garland, Ph.D., Warren Bickel, Ph.D., Lisa Najavits, Ph.D., Daniel J. Fox, Ph.D., and others. It is intended as a supplement to Help That Helps: A Kind, Research-Informed, Field-Tested Guide for People with Substance Use Concerns, by Anne Giles, M.A., M.S., L.P.C. and Sanjay Kishore, M.D. Help That Helps is an online, self-guided program for people with substance use challenges to use in tandem with medical care. Self-help is not an evidence-based treatment for substance use disorder. This content is for informational purposes only and is not a substitute for medical or professional advice. Consult a qualified health care professional for personalized medical and professional advice.

^{*}Feelings may be so intense that "flooding" occurs, overpowering the executive functions of the brain. The intensity creates a perception that the feelings will be forever and never end. Even simply becoming aware that one is feeling flooded can cause the "pause" that reengages the "thinking" functions of the brain.